Pacific Salmon

There are eight species of Pacific salmon (genus Oncorhynchus), six of which (sockeye, pink, chum, chinook, coho and steelhead) are commonly found on the west coast of North America. All but steelhead are targeted in commercial fisheries (see table).1

Pacific salmon species targeted in Pacific commercial fisheries

Common names	Scientific Name
Chinook (spring, tyee, king)	Oncorhynchus tshawytscha
Coho (silver salmon)	Oncorhynchus kisutch
Sockeye (red salmon)	Oncorhynchus nerka
Pink (humpies)	Oncorhynchus gorbuscha
Chum (dog salmon)	Oncorhynchus keta

All six species of North American salmon are found in the freshwater and marine ecosystems of PNCIMA. PNCIMA is an important migration corridor, marine rearing area, and staging area for juvenile salmon migrating seaward and adults returning to their coastal watersheds of origin. PNCIMA is occupied for a variable period of time not only by the majority of salmon stocks originating from BC, but also by many populations originating from Washington,

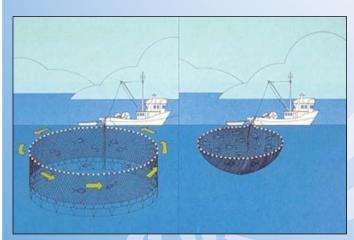
The Salmon Seine Fishery

Oregon, and California.1

Fisheries and Oceans Canada (DFO) regulates commercial salmon harvest rates through a system of fishing licences combined with seasonal and area restrictions to control catch and effort by gear type in specific areas or by sectors of the salmon fishery.1

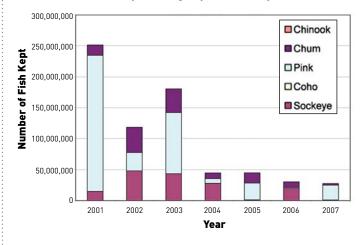
Commercial salmon licences are issued under one of the three gear types: troll, seine, and gillnet. In 2003, salmon fisheries coastwide included 276 seine boat licences on slightly more than 2000 active salmon vessels.²

Harvesting salmon with the use of a seine net involves a small skiff assisting with the setting of nets around aggregations of fish, followed by the drawing together of the bottom



Seine net. Illustration: DFO

Salmon Seine Fishery Landings by Year and Species in BC



edges of the net into a "purse" in order to contain the fish. Approximately 50 percent of the commercial salmon catch in BC comes from seine fishing.

Statistical-area restrictions are set by gear type; for salmon seine net fishing all of Area A (Pacific Fishery Management Areas [PFMAs] 1 to 10) and a portion of Area B (PFMAs 11, 12, portion of 13 and 27) are within the boundaries of

Five species of Pacific salmon are

commercially

fished in

PNCIMA

Fishery Effort

PNCIMA.2

Effort for the salmon seine commercial fishery is displayed on the accompanying map as boat days by salmon catch estimate areas (SCEAs).3 SCEAs were created to provide a means to roll up and map the catch and effort values resulting from annual openings for commercial salmon fishing. Because

fleets fish at different times for different species, the SCEAs have been digitized to represent where all openings took place for a given geographic unit. When a certain geographic area is consistently not opened for any gear type, for example a ribbon boundary around a creek mouth or protected area, that feature has been removed from the SCEA.4

Fishery effort data were merged from seven annual fishery data files, some of which had an unspecified amount of data removed for confidentiality (minimum three licences reporting per grid cell). The five data classes presented on the map are based on natural groupings inherent in the data such that similar values are grouped and differences between classes are maximized (Natural Break or Jenks statistical method).

The species and annual variation in seine landings over the period 2001 to 2007 are presented in the graph.4

Material presented is drawn from the following literature reviews, which include primary references:

- 1 Hyatt, K., Johannes, M.S. and Stockwell, M. 2007. Appendix I: Pacific salmon. In Ecosystem overview: Pacific North Coast Integrated Management Area (PNCIMA), Edited by Lucas, B.G., Verrin, S. and Brown, R. Can, Tech. Rep. Fish. Aquat. Sci. 2667: vi + 55 p.
- 2 DFO, 2008, Integrated fisheries management plan, salmon, Northern BC; June 1, 2008 May 31, 2009, 86 pp + Appendices.
- 3 A boat day represents any portion of a day on which a boat has gone out to fish for salmo 4 Sean MacConnachie, Fisheries and Oceans Canada. March 2009. Metadata for GIS shapefile "SCEA

